



**SPECIFICATION  
FOR  
CTP+LCD Module  
KD030C-2-C003A**

<b>MODULE:</b>	<b>KD030C-2-C003A</b>
<b>CUSTOMER:</b>	

<b>REV</b>	<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>DATE</b>
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<b>APPROVED BY</b>		

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## General Description

### \* Description

This is a color active matrix TFT (Thin Film Transistor) LCD (liquid crystal display) that uses amorphous silicon TFT as a switching device. This model is composed of a Transmissive type TFT-LCD Panel, driver circuit, back-light unit. The resolution of a 3.0" TFT-LCD contains 240x400 pixels, and can display up to 65K/262K colors.

### \* Features

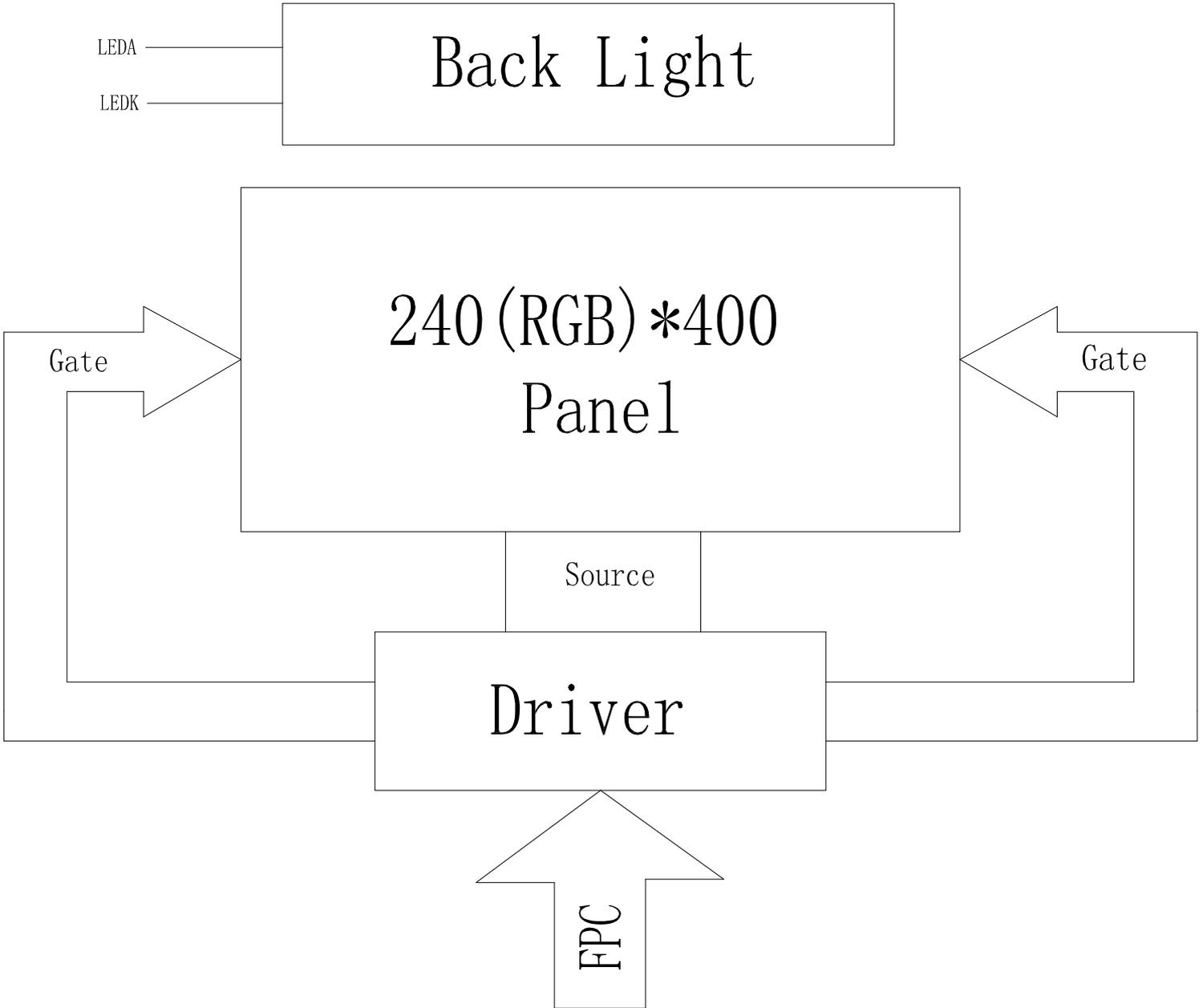
- Low Input Voltage: 2.8V~3.3V(TYP)
- Display Colors of TFT LCD: 65K/262K colors
- TFT Interface: 8-bits, 9-bits, 16-bits, 18-bits MCU interface.  
16-bits, 18-bits RGB interface with graphic controller.  
3-line/4-line serial interface.
- CTP Interface: I2C

General Information Items	Specification	Unit	Note
	Main Panel		
Display area(AA)	38.88(H)*64.80(V) (3.0inch)	mm	-
CTP View area	39.54(H)*66.00(V)	mm	-
Driver element	TFT active matrix	-	-
Display colors	65K/262k	colors	-
Number of pixels	240(RGB)*400	dots	-
Pixel arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Pixel pitch	0.051(H)*0.051(V)	mm	-
Viewing angle	12:00	o'clock	-
TFT Controller IC	ILI9327	-	-
CTP Driver IC	FT6336G	-	-
Simultaneous Touch Points	Single point and Gestures	-	-
Display mode	Transmissive/Normally White	-	-
Operating temperature	-20~+70	°C	-
Storage temperature	-30~+80	°C	-

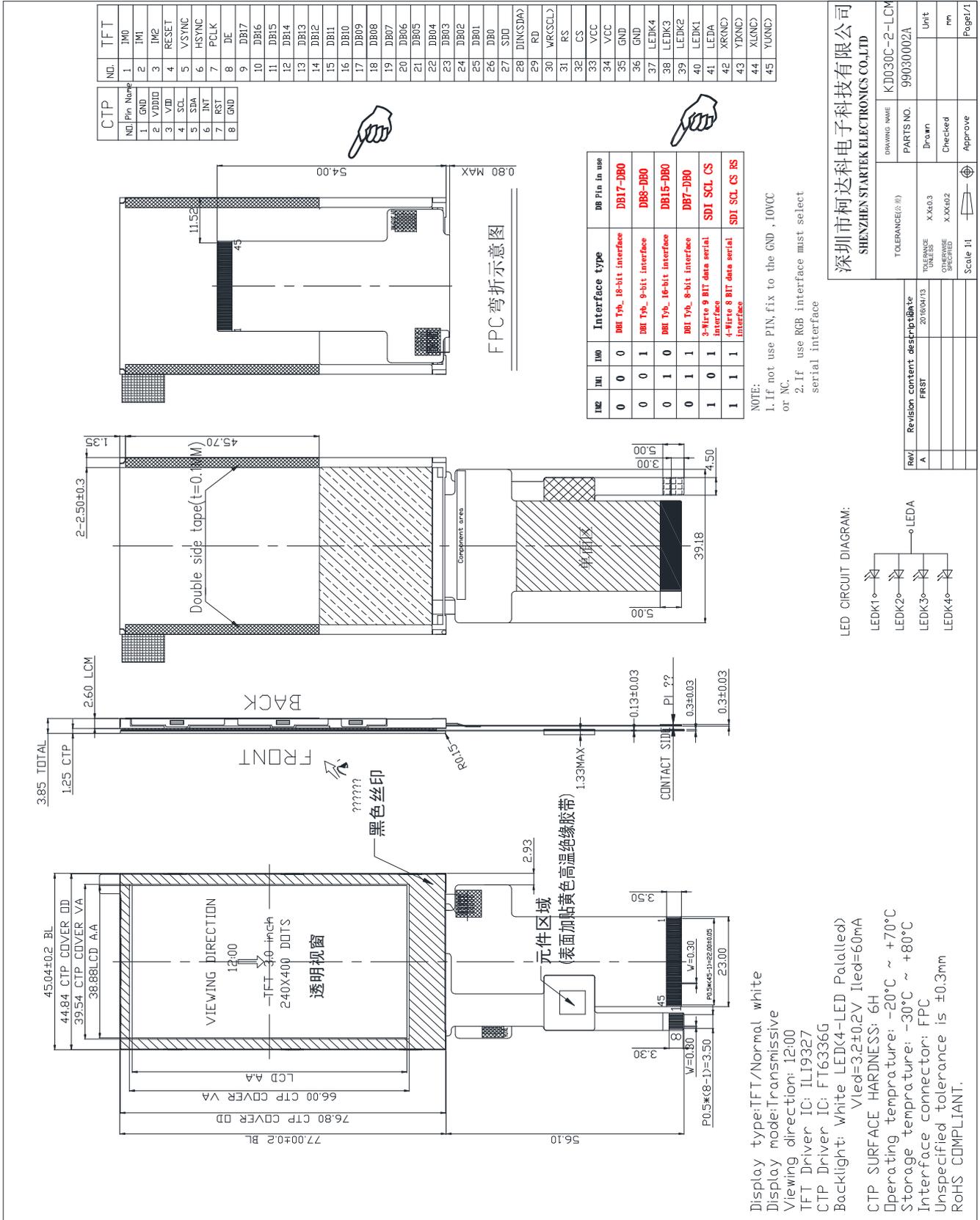
### \* Mechanical Information

Item		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Module size	Horizontal(H)		45.04		mm	-
	Vertical(V)		77		mm	-
	Depth(D)		3.85		mm	-
Weight			TBD		g	-

### 1. Block Diagram



## 2. Outline dimension



深圳市柯达电子科技有限公司  
SHENZHEN STARTEK ELECTRONICS CO.,LTD

DRAWING NAME	KD030C-2-LCM
PARTS NO.	99050002A
Drawn	
Checked	
Approve	

TOLERANCE(%)

20/10/04/13	20/10/04/13
X.X0.3	X.X0.3
X.XX0.2	X.XX0.2

Scale 1:1

### 3. Input terminal Pin Assignment

#### 3.1 TFT

NO.	SYMBOL	Description	
1	IM0	Interface selecting signal.	I
2	M1		
3	IM2		
4	RESET	This signal low will reset the device and must be applied to properly initialize the chip. Signal is low active	I
5	VSYNC	Vertical sync. signal in DPI interface mode. In MDDI operation, VSYNC is assigned for the sub-display interface output (S_CS) In MDDI mode, this is an output pin, If it's not used; please let this pin as open. In other mode, this is an input pin, If it's not used; please fix this pin as GND.	I
6	HSYNC	Horizontal sync. signal in DPI interface mode. In MDDI operation, VSYNC is assigned for the sub-display interface output (S_RS) In MDDI mode, this is an output pin, If it's not used; please let this pin as open. In other mode, this is an input pin, If it's not used; please fix this pin as GND.	I
7	PCLK	Pixel clock signal in DPI interface mode. If not used, please fix this pin at GND level.	I
8	DE	Data enable signal in DPI interface mode. In MDDI operation, VSYNC is assigned for the sub-display interface output (S_WR) In MDDI mode, this is an output pin, If it's not used; please let this pin as open. In other mode, this is an input pin, If it's not used; please fix this pin as GND.	I
9-26	DB17-DB0	These pins are data bus. In MDDI operation, DB[17:9]/S_DB[8:0] can be assigned for the sub-display interface output. In MDDI mode, these pins are output, If they are not used; please let these pins as open. In other mode, these pins are input, If they are not used; please fix these pins as GND.	I/O
27	SDO	Serial data output pin and used for the DBI type C mode.	O

28	DIN	Serial data input pin and used for the DBI type C mode. If not used, please connect this pin to ground.	I
29	RD	Read control pin for the DBI interface. If not used, please connect this pin to VCC.	I
30	WR(SCL)	Write control pin for the DBI interface. When the DBI type C is selected, this pin is used as serial clock pin. If not used, please connect this pin to VCC.	I
31	RS	Display data / Command selection pin D/CX='1': Display data. D/CX='0': Command data. If not used, please fix this pin at GND level.	I
32	CS	Chip select input pin ("Low" enable). When it is not used, please fix this pin at VCC.	I
33	VCC	Power supply voltage(VCI=2.5V-3.3V).	P
34	VCC		
35	GND	Ground.	P
36	GND		
37	LEDK4	LED Cathode 4.	P
38	LEDK3	LED Cathode 3.	P
39	LEDK2	LED Cathode 2.	P
40	LEDK1	LED Cathode 1.	P
41	LEDA	LED Anode.	P
42	XR(NC)	NC.	
43	YD(NC)	NC.	
44	XL(NC)	NC.	
45	YU(NC)	NC.	

### 3.2 CTP

NO.	SYMBOL	DISCRIPTION	I/O
1	GND	Ground.	P
2	VDDIO	I/O power supply voltage.	P
3	VDD	Supply voltage.	P
4	SCL	I2C clock input.	I
5	SDA	I2C data input and output	I/O
6	INT	External interrupt to the host.	I
7	RST	External Reset, Low is active.	I
8	GND	Ground.	P

## 4. LCD Optical Characteristics

### 4.1 Optical specification

(Note1 · Note2)

(Using CPT LC+ EWV Polarizer+Corresponding Backlight, reference only)

ITEM	SYMBOL	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT	REMARK			
Transmittance	T		(5.2)	(5.5)		%				
Contrast Ratio	CR	*1)		(250)	-	--	Note 3			
Response Time	Tr+ Tf	*3)	-	(30)		ms	Note 4			
Viewing Angle	Vertical	$\theta$ *2)	CR $\geq$ 10	(100)	(110)	-	Note 5			
						-				
	Horizontal					$\phi$ *2)		(120)	(130)	-
										-
Color Filter Chromaticity	White	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$				(0.288)	Note 6			
						(0.322)				
						(27.8)				
	Red	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$					(0.633)			
							(0.311)			
							(15.4)			
	Green	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$					(0.291)			
							(0.554)			
							(55.0)			
	Blue	$\theta = \phi = 0^\circ$					(0.114)			
							(0.114)			
							(12.3)			
NTSC			-	(61%)	-					

### 4.2 Measuring Condition

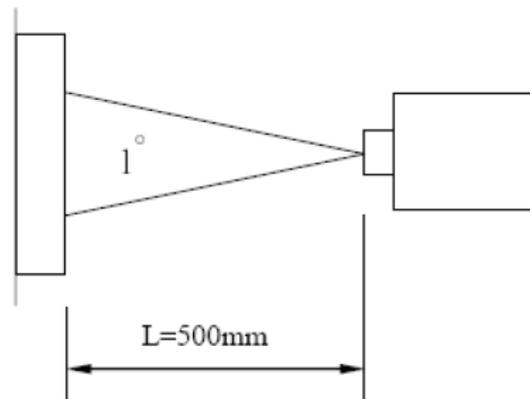
- Measuring surrounding : dark room
- Ambient temperature : 25±2℃
- 15min. warm-up time

### 4.3 Measuring Equipment

FPM520 of Westar Display technologies, INC., which utilized SR-3 for Chromaticity and BM-5A for other optical characteristics.

Note 1. Ambient condition :  $25^{\circ}\text{C} \pm 2^{\circ}\text{C}$  ,  $60 \pm 10\% \text{RH}$  , under 10 Lux in the darkroom .

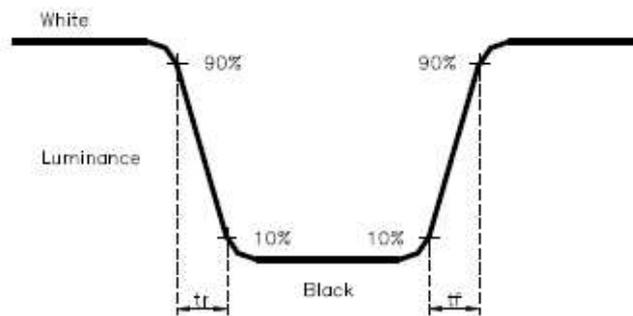
Note 2. Measure device : BM-5A (TOPCON) , viewing cone=  $1^{\circ}$  ,  $I_t=20\text{mA}$  .



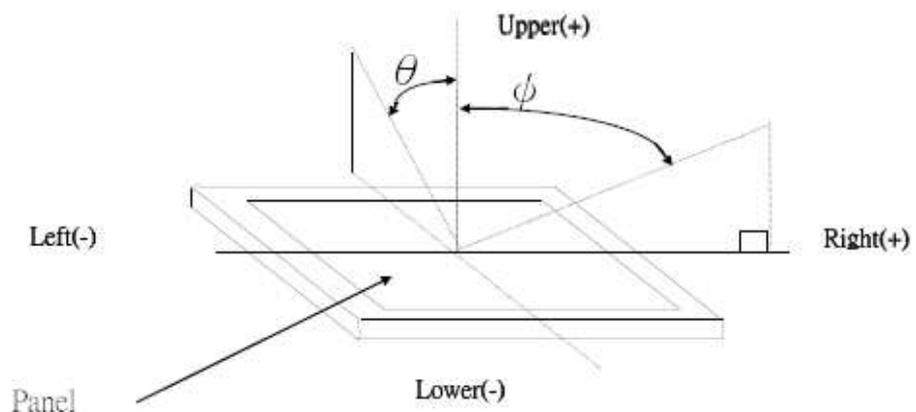
Note 3. Definition of Contrast Ratio :

$$\text{CR} = \text{White Luminance (ON)} / \text{Black Luminance (OFF)}$$

Note 4. Definition of response time : The response time is defined as the time interval between the 10% and 90% amplitudes.



Note 5. Definition of view angle( $\theta$  ,  $\psi$ ) :



Note 6. Light source: C light.

## 5. TFT Electrical Characteristics

### 5.1 Absolute Maximum Rating (Ta=25 VSS=0V)

Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit
Digital Supply Voltage	VCC	-0.3	4.6	V
Digital interface supply Voltage	IOVCC	-0.3	4.6	V
Operating temperature	TOP	-20	+70	°C
Storage temperature	TST	-30	+80	°C

### 5.2 DC Electrical Characteristics

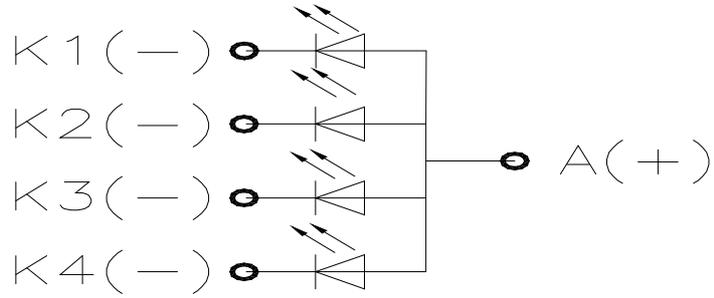
Characteristics	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Digital Supply Voltage	VCC	2.5	2.8	3.6	V	
Digital interface supply Voltage	IOVCC	1.65	2.8	3.6	V	
Normal mode Current consumption	IDD	--	10	--	mA	
Level input voltage	VIH	0.7IOVCC		IOVCC	V	
	VIL	GND		0.3IOVCC	V	
Level output voltage	VOH	0.8IOVCC		IOVCC	V	
	VOL	GND		0.2IOVCC	V	

### 5.3 LED Backlight Characteristics

The back-light system is edge-lighting type with 4chips White LED

Item	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Forward Current	I <sub>F</sub>	60	80	--	mA	
Forward Voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	2.9	3.2	3.4	V	
LCM Luminance	L <sub>v</sub>	272	--	--	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	IF=80mA

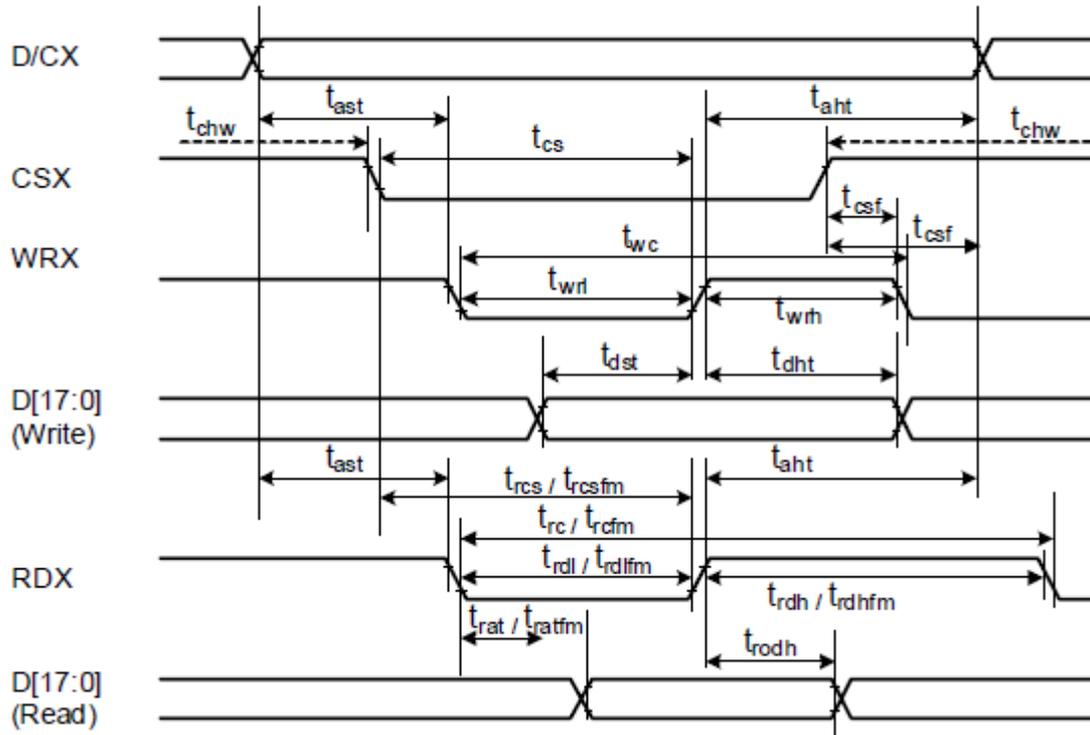
Uniformity	AVg	80	--	--	%	-
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BLU CIRCUIT DIAGRAM

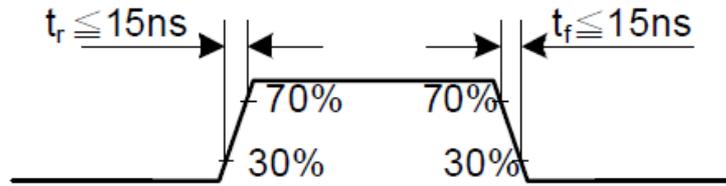
## 6. TFT AC Characteristic

### 6.1 DBI Type B (18/16/9/8 bit) Interface Timing Characteristics

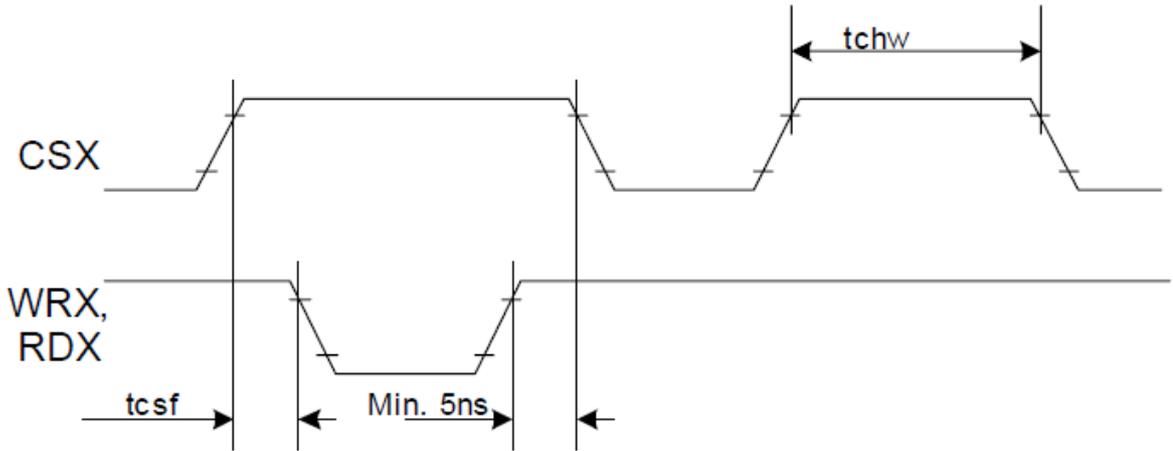


Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
D/CX	t <sub>ast</sub>	Address setup time	0	-	ns	
	t <sub>ah</sub>	Address hold time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
CSX	t <sub>chw</sub>	CSX "H" Pulse Width	0	-	ns	
	t <sub>cs</sub>	Chip Select setup time (Write)	20	-	ns	
	t <sub>rcs</sub>	Chip Select setup time (Read ID)	45	-	ns	
	t <sub>rcsfm</sub>	Chip Select setup time (Read FM)	355	-	ns	
	t <sub>csf</sub>	Chip Select Wait time (Write/Read)	10	-	ns	
WRX	t <sub>wc</sub>	Write cycle	80	-	ns	
	t <sub>wrh</sub>	Write Control pulse H duration	25	-	ns	
	t <sub>wrl</sub>	Write Control pulse L duration	25	-	ns	
RDX (ID)	t <sub>rc</sub>	Read cycle (ID)	160	-	ns	
	t <sub>rdh</sub>	Read Control pulse H duration (ID)	90	-	ns	
	t <sub>rdl</sub>	Read Control pulse L duration (ID)	45	-	ns	
RDX (FM)	t <sub>rcfm</sub>	Read cycle (FM)	450	-	ns	
	t <sub>rdhfm</sub>	Read Control pulse H duration (FM)	90	-	ns	
	t <sub>rdlfm</sub>	Read Control pulse L duration (FM)	355	-	ns	
DB[17:0], DB[15:0], DB[8:0], DB[7:0]	t <sub>dst</sub>	Data setup time	10	-	ns	For maximum CL=30pF For minimum CL=8pF
	t <sub>dht</sub>	Data hold time	10	-	ns	
	t <sub>rat</sub>	Read access time (ID)	-	40	ns	
	t <sub>ratfm</sub>	Read access time (FM)	-	340	ns	
	t <sub>rodh</sub>	Output disable time	20	-	ns	

Note:  $T_a = -30$  to  $70$  °C,  $V_{DDI} = 1.65V$  to  $3.3V$ ,  $V_{DD} = 2.5V$  to  $3.0V$ ,  $DGND = 0V$

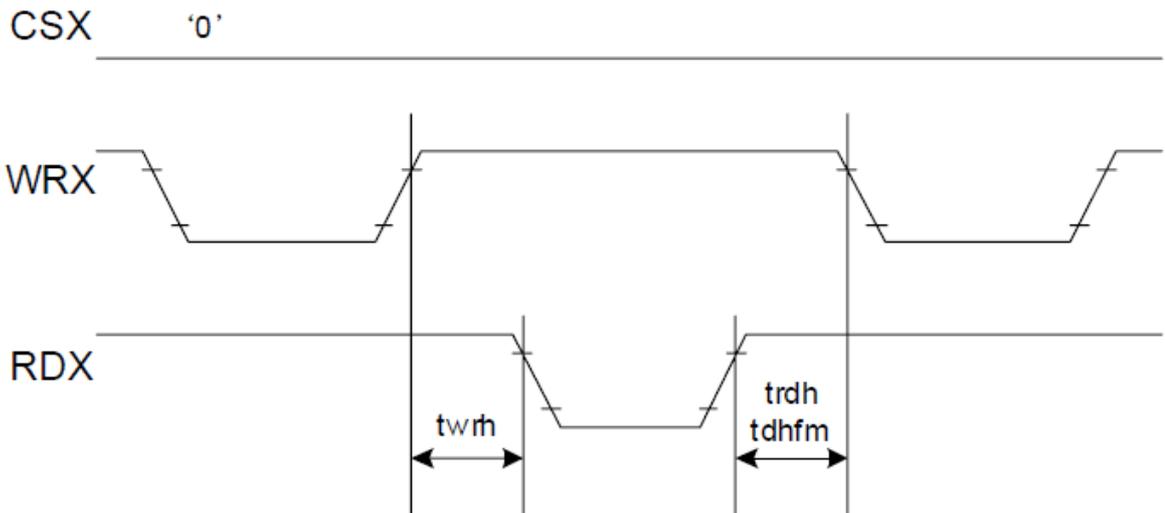


CSX timings:



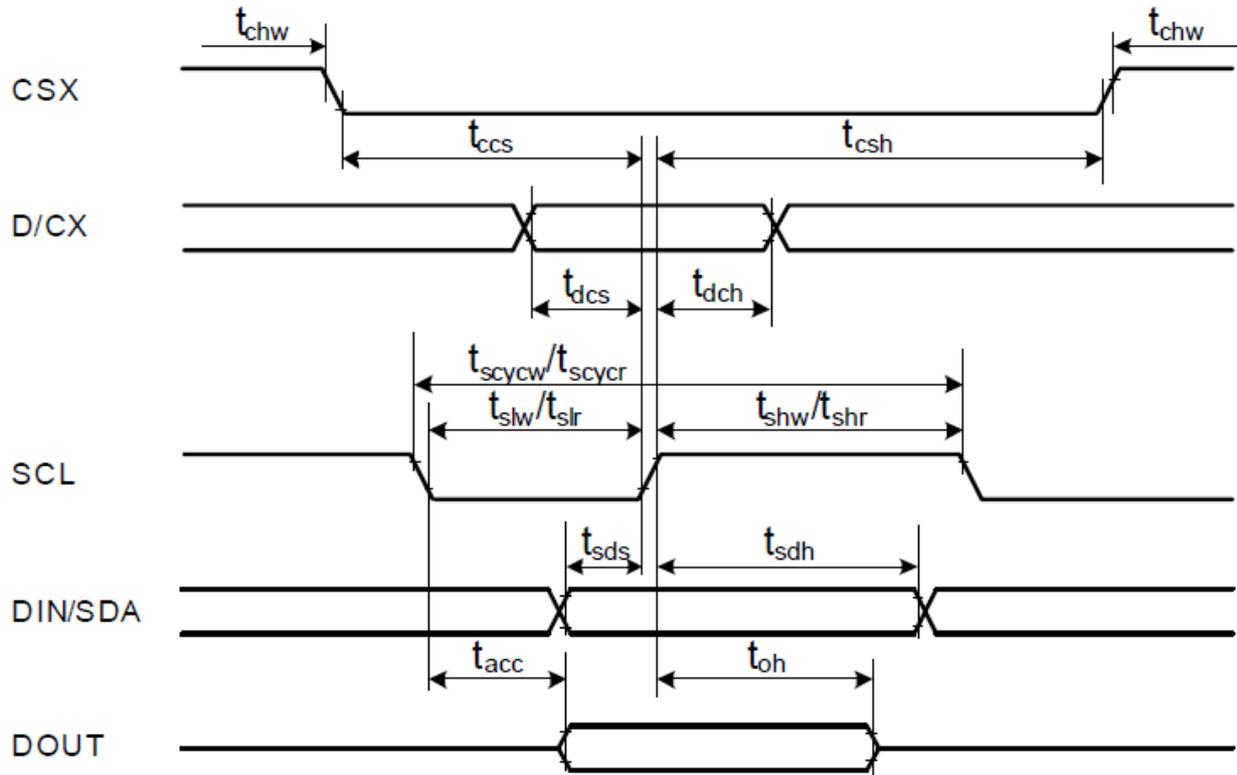
Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of  $V_{DDI}$  for Input signals.

Write to read or read to write timings:



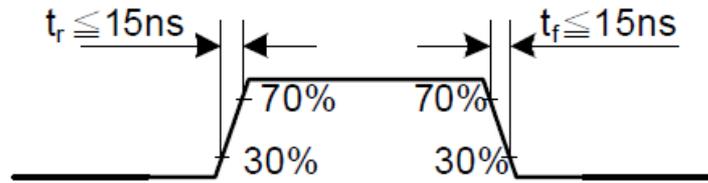
Note: Logic high and low levels are specified as 30% and 70% of  $V_{DDI}$  for Input signals.

## 6.2 DBI Type C (SPI) Interface Timing Characteristics

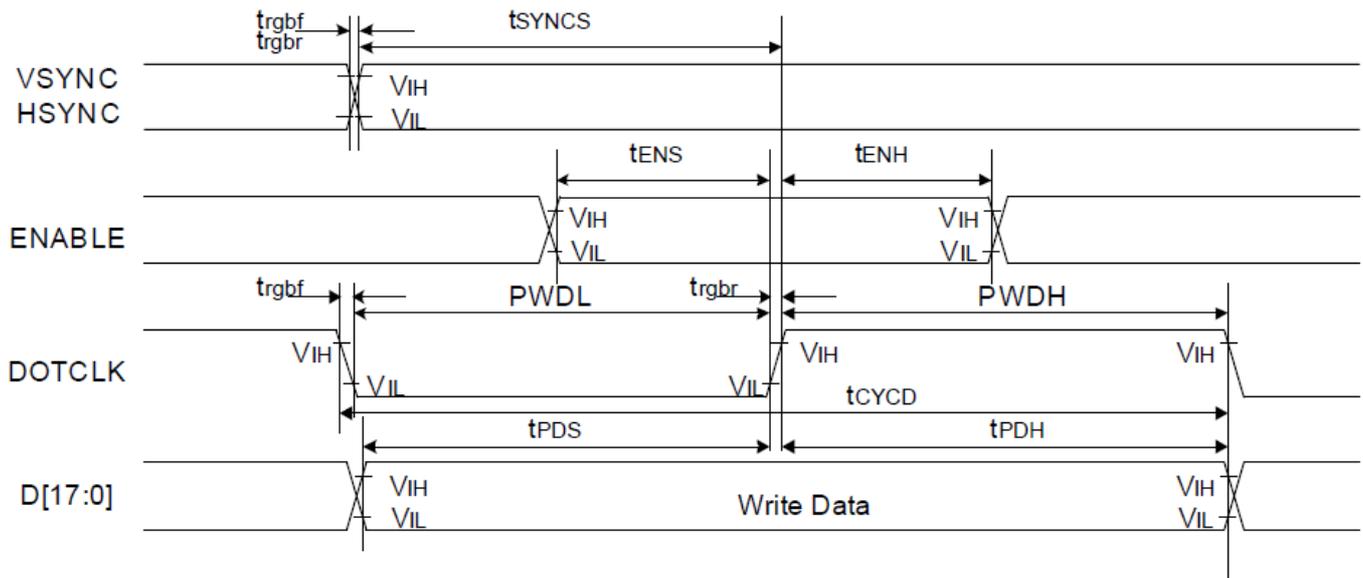


Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description
CSX	$t_{csw}$	CSX-SCL time (Write)	15	-	ns	
	$t_{csh}$	CSX-SCL time (Write)	15	-	ns	
	$t_{csw}$	CSX-SCL time (Read)	60	-	ns	
	$t_{csh}$	CSX-SCL time (Read)	60	-	ns	
	$t_{chw}$	CSX "H" pulse time	40	-	ns	
SCL	$t_{scycw}$	Serial clock cycle (Write)	60	-	ns	
	$t_{shw}$	SCL "H" pulse width (Write)	15	-	ns	
	$t_{slw}$	SCL "L" pulse width (Write)	15	-	ns	
	$t_{scycr}$	Serial clock cycle (Read GRAM)	300	-	ns	
	$t_{shr}$	SCL "H" pulse width (Read GRAM)	110	-	ns	
	$t_{slr}$	SCL "L" pulse width (Read GRAM)	110	-	ns	
	$t_{scycr}$	Serial clock cycle (Read ID)	150	-	ns	
	$t_{shr}$	SCL "H" pulse width (Read GRAM)	54	-	ns	
D/CX	$t_{dcs}$	D/CX setup time	7	-	ns	
	$t_{dch}$	D/CX hold time	7	-	ns	
SDA (Input) (Output)	$t_{acc}$	Access time	10	50	ns	For maximum CL=30pF
	$t_{oh}$	Output disable time	15	50	ns	For minimum CL=8pF
	$t_{sds}$	Data setup time	7	-		
	$t_{sdh}$	Data hold time	7	-		

Note:  $T_a = -30$  to  $70$  °C,  $V_{DDI}=1.65V$  to  $3.3V$ ,  $V_{DD}=2.5V$  to  $3.0V$ ,  $AGND=DGND=0V$



### 6.3 RGB Interface Timing Characteristics



Signal	Symbol	Parameter	min	max	Unit	Description	
VSYNC / HSYNC	$t_{SYNCS}$	VSYNC/HSYNC setup time	15	-	ns	18/16-bit bus RGB interface mode	
	$t_{SYNCH}$	VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	15	-	ns		
ENABLE	$t_{ENS}$	ENABLE setup time	15	-	ns		
	$t_{ENH}$	ENABLE hold time	15	-	ns		
D[17:0]	$t_{POS}$	Data setup time	15	-	ns		
	$t_{PDH}$	Data hold time	15	-	ns		
DOTCLK	$PWDH$	DOTCLK high-level period	15	-	ns		
	$PWDL$	DOTCLK low-level period	15	-	ns		
	$t_{CYCD}$	DOTCLK cycle time	100	-	ns		
	$t_{rgr}, t_{rbf}$	DOTCLK,HSYNC,VSYNC rise/fall time	-	15	ns		
VSYNC / HSYNC	$t_{SYNCS}$	VSYNC/HSYNC setup time	15	-	ns		6-bit bus RGB interface mode
	$t_{SYNCH}$	VSYNC/HSYNC hold time	15	-	ns		
ENABLE	$t_{ENS}$	ENABLE setup time	15	-	ns		
	$t_{ENH}$	ENABLE hold time	15	-	ns		
D[17:0]	$t_{POS}$	Data setup time	15	-	ns		
	$t_{PDH}$	Data hold time	15	-	ns		
DOTCLK	$PWDH$	DOTCLK high-level pulse period	15	-	ns		
	$PWDL$	DOTCLK low-level pulse period	15	-	ns		
	$t_{CYCD}$	DOTCLK cycle time	100	-	ns		
	$t_{rgr}, t_{rbf}$	DOTCLK,HSYNC,VSYNC rise/fall time	-	15	ns		

## 7. CTP Specification

### 7.1 Electrical Characteristics

#### 7.1.1 Absolute Maximum Rating

**Table 3-1 Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit	Note
Power Supply Voltage	VDDA - VSSA	-0.3 ~ +3.6	V	1, 2
Power Supply Voltage2	VDD3 - VSS	-0.3 ~ +3.6	V	1, 3
I/O Digital Voltage	IOVCC	1.8~3.6	V	1
Operating Temperature	Topr	-40 ~ +85	°C	1
Storage Temperature	Tstg	-55 ~ +150	°C	1

#### 7.1.2 DC Electrical Characteristics (Ta=25°C)

**Table 3-2 DC Characteristics (VDDA=2.8~3.6V, Ta=-40~85°C)**

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Note
Input high-level voltage	VIH		0.7 x IOVCC	-	IOVCC	V	
Input low -level voltage	VIL		-0.3	-	0.3 x IOVCC	V	
Output high -level voltage	VOH	IOH=-0.1mA	0.7 x IOVCC	-	-	V	
Output low -level voltage	VOL	IOH=0.1mA	-	-	0.3 x IOVCC	V	
I/O leakage current	ILI	Vin=0~VDDA	-1	-	1	μA	
Current consumption ( Normal operation mode )	Iopr	VDDA =VDD3= 2.8V Ta=25°C MCLK=18MHz	-	4.32 <sup>*1</sup>	-	mA	
Current consumption ( Monitor mode )	Imon	VDDA =VDD3= 2.8V Ta=25°C MCLK=18MHz	-	220 <sup>*2</sup>	-	mA	
Current consumption ( Sleep mode )	Islp	VDDA =VDD3= 2.8V Ta=25°C	-	55	-	uA	
Step-up output voltage	VDD5	VDDA = VDD3=2.8V	-	5	-	V	
Power Supply voltage	VDDA VDD3		2.8	-	3.3	V	

\*1: Report Rate: 75Hz @ 4"TP

\*2: Report Rate: 25Hz @ 4"TP

## 7.2 AC Characteristics

**Table 3-3 AC Characteristics of Oscillators**

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
OSC clock 1	fosc1	VDDA= 2.8V; Ta=25°C	34.64	36	36.36	MHz	

**Table 3-4 AC Characteristics of sensor**

Item	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit	Note
Sensor acceptable clock	ftx	VDDA= 2.8V; Ta=25°C	0	100	300	KHz	
Sensor output rise time	Ttxr	VDDA= 2.8V; Ta=25°C	-	100	-	nS	
Sensor output fall time	Ttxf	VDDA= 2.8V; Ta=25°C	-	80	-	nS	
Sensor input voltage	Trxi	VDDA= 2.8V; Ta=25°C	-	5	-	V	

### 7.2.1 I2C Interface

The I2C is always configured in the Slave mode. The data transfer format is shown in Figure2-4:

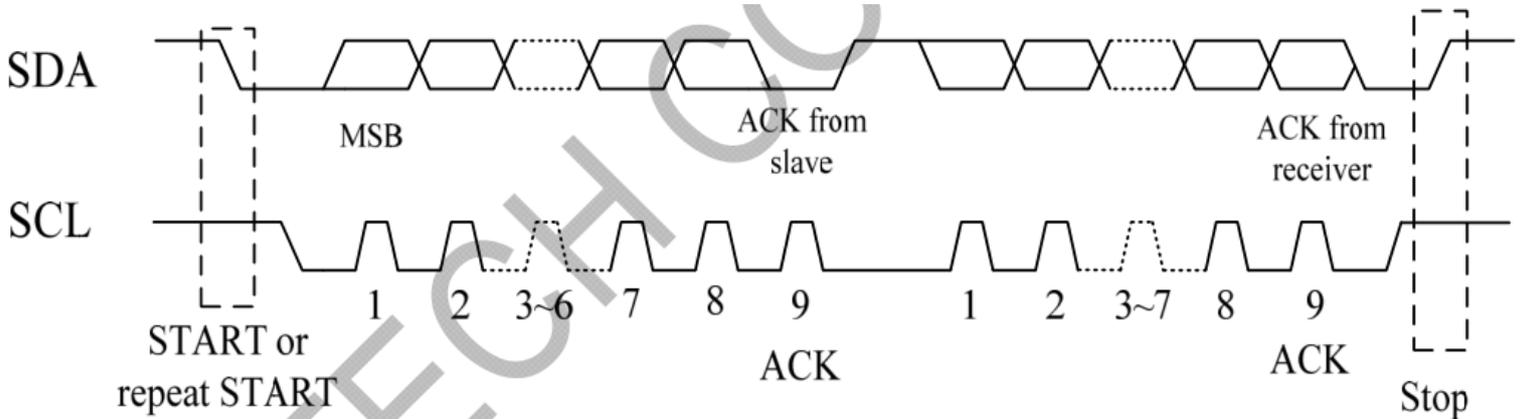


Figure 2-4 I2C Serial Data Transfer Format

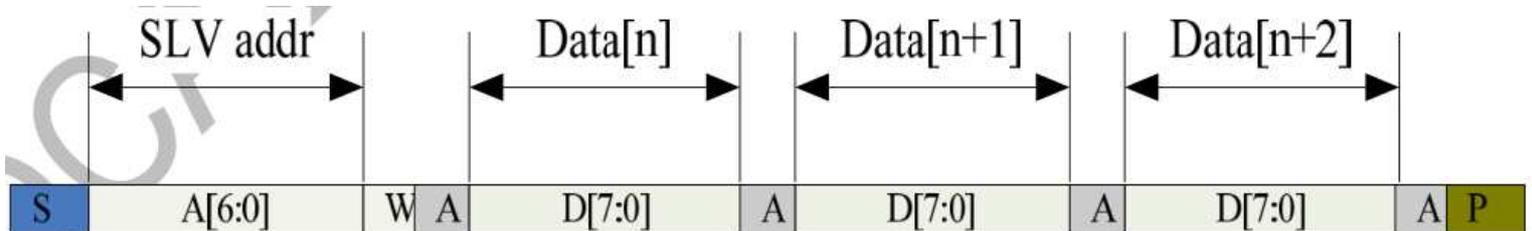


Figure 2-5 I2C master write, slave read

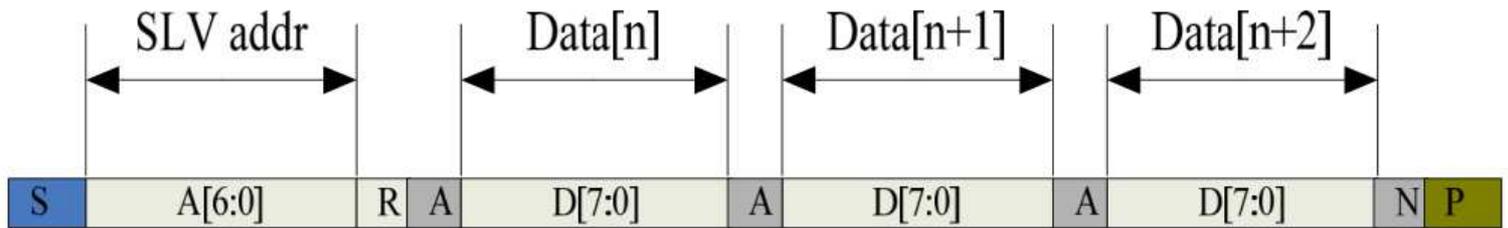


Figure 2-6 I2C master read, slave write

Table2-1 lists the meanings of the mnemonics used in the above figures.

**Table 2-1 Mnemonics Description**

Mnemonics	Description
S	I2C Start or I2C Restart
A[6:0]	Slave address
R/W	READ/WRITE bit, '1' for read, '0' for write
A(N)	ACK(NACK)
P	STOP: the indication of the end of a packet (if this bit is missing, S will indicate the end of the current packet and the beginning of the next packet)

Slave Address is 0x38;

I2C Interface Timing Characteristics is shown in Table2-2.

**Table 2-2 I2C Timing Characteristics**

Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
SCL frequency	10	400	KHz
Bus free time between a STOP and START condition	4.7	\	us
Hold time (repeated) START condition	4.0	\	us
Data setup time	250	\	ns
Setup time for a repeated START condition	4.7	\	us
Setup Time for STOP condition	4.0	\	us

## 8. LCD Module Out-Going Quality Level

### 8.1 VISUAL & FUNCTION INSPECTION STANDARD

#### 8.1.1 Inspection conditions

Inspection performed under the following conditions is recommended.

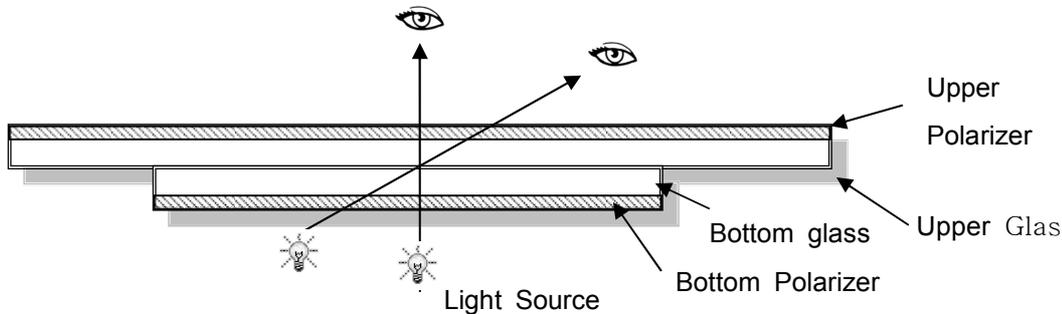
Temperature :  $25\pm 5^{\circ}\text{C}$

Humidity :  $65\%\pm 10\%\text{RH}$

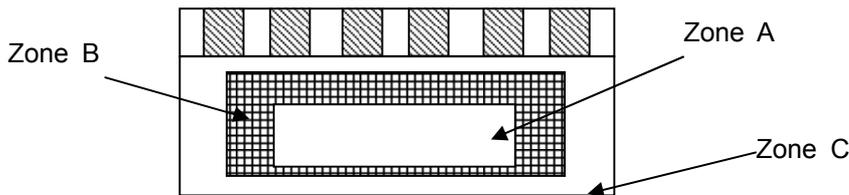
Viewing Angle : Normal viewing Angle.

Illumination: Single fluorescent lamp (300 to 700Lux)

Viewing distance:30-50cm



#### 8.1.2 Definition



Zone A : Effective Viewing Area(Character or Digit can be seen)

Zone B : Viewing Area except Zone A

Zone C : Outside (Zone A+Zone B) which can not be seen after assembly by customer .)

Note:

As a general rule ,visual defects in Zone C can be ignored when it doesn't effect product function or appearance after assembly by customer.

### 8.1.3 Sampling Plan

According to GB/T 2828-2003 ; , normal inspection, Class II

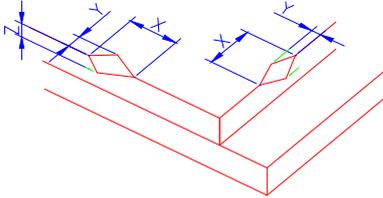
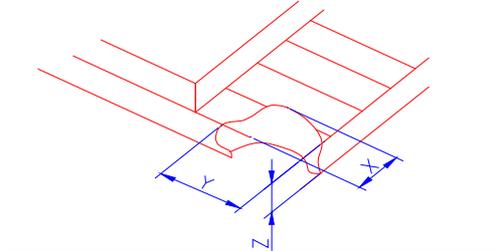
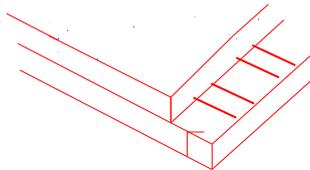
AQL:

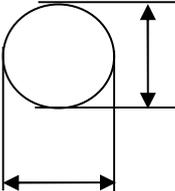
Major defect	Minor defect
0.65	1.5

LCD: Liquid Crystal Display , TP: Touch Panel , LCM: Liquid Crystal Module

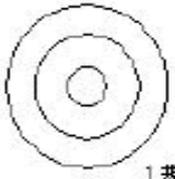
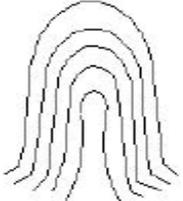
No	Items to be inspected	Criteria	Classification of defects
1	Functional defects	1) No display, Open or miss line 2) Display abnormally, Short 3) Backlight no lighting, abnormal lighting. 4) TP no function	Major
2	Missing	Missing component	
3	Outline dimension	Overall outline dimension beyond the drawing is not allowed	
4	Color tone	Color unevenness, refer to limited sample	Minor
5	Soldering appearance	Good soldering , Peeling off is not allowed.	
6	LCD/Polarizer/TP	Black/White spot/line, scratch, crack, etc.	

### 8.1.4 Criteria (Visual)

Number	Items	Criteria(mm)						
1.0 LCD Crack/Broken  NOTE: X: Length Y: Width Z: Height L: Length of LCD TO, T: Height of LCD	(1) The edge of LCD broken	 <table border="1" data-bbox="868 645 1441 792"> <thead> <tr> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>Z</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>≤3.0mm</td> <td>&lt;Inner border line of the seal</td> <td>≤T</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	X	Y	Z	≤3.0mm	<Inner border line of the seal	≤T
	X	Y	Z					
	≤3.0mm	<Inner border line of the seal	≤T					
(2)LCD corner broken	 <table border="1" data-bbox="932 1133 1377 1234"> <thead> <tr> <th>X</th> <th>Y</th> <th>Z</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>≤3.0mm</td> <td>≤L</td> <td>≤T</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	X	Y	Z	≤3.0mm	≤L	≤T	
X	Y	Z						
≤3.0mm	≤L	≤T						
(3) LCD crack	 <p style="text-align: center;">Crack Not allowed</p>							

Number	Items	Criteria (mm)																											
2.0	Spot defect  $\Phi = (X+Y)/2$	① light dot (LCD/TP/Polarizer black/white spot , light dot, pinhole, dent, stain) <table border="1" data-bbox="446 403 1316 761"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.10</math></td> <td colspan="3">Ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.10 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.20</math></td> <td colspan="3">3( distance <math>\geq 10\text{mm}</math>)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.20 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.25</math></td> <td colspan="3">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\Phi &gt; 0.25</math></td> <td colspan="3">0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.10$	Ignore			$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$	3( distance $\geq 10\text{mm}$ )			$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	2			$\Phi > 0.25$	0						
		Zone Size (mm)		Acceptable Qty																									
			A	B	C																								
		$\Phi \leq 0.10$	Ignore																										
		$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$	3( distance $\geq 10\text{mm}$ )																										
		$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.25$	2																										
		$\Phi > 0.25$	0																										
		② Dim spot (LCD/TP/Polarizer dim dot, light leakage, dark spot) <table border="1" data-bbox="446 806 1316 1176"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.1</math></td> <td colspan="3">Ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.10 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.20</math></td> <td colspan="3">3( distance <math>\geq 10\text{mm}</math>)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.20 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.30</math></td> <td colspan="3">2</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\Phi &gt; 0.30</math></td> <td colspan="3">0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.1$	Ignore			$0.10 < \Phi \leq 0.20$	3( distance $\geq 10\text{mm}$ )			$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.30$	2			$\Phi > 0.30$	0						
		Zone Size (mm)		Acceptable Qty																									
			A	B	C																								
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$0.20 < \Phi \leq 0.30$	2																												
$\Phi > 0.30$	0																												
③ Polarizer accidented spot <table border="1" data-bbox="446 1220 1316 1500"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.2</math></td> <td colspan="3">Ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.3 &lt; \Phi \leq 0.5</math></td> <td colspan="3">2( distance <math>\geq 10\text{mm}</math>)</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>\Phi &gt; 0.5</math></td> <td colspan="3">0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.2$	Ignore			$0.3 < \Phi \leq 0.5$	2( distance $\geq 10\text{mm}$ )			$\Phi > 0.5$	0												
Zone Size (mm)		Acceptable Qty																											
	A	B	C																										
$\Phi \leq 0.2$	Ignore																												
$0.3 < \Phi \leq 0.5$	2( distance $\geq 10\text{mm}$ )																												
$\Phi > 0.5$	0																												
Line defect (LCD/TP /Polarizer black/white line, scratch, stain)	<table border="1" data-bbox="446 1568 1316 1926"> <thead> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Width(mm)</th> <th rowspan="2">Length(mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td><math>\Phi \leq 0.03</math></td> <td>Ignore</td> <td colspan="3">Ignore</td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.03 &lt; W \leq 0.05</math></td> <td><math>L \leq 3.0</math></td> <td colspan="3"><math>N \leq 2</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.05 &lt; W \leq 0.08</math></td> <td><math>L \leq 2.0</math></td> <td colspan="3"><math>N \leq 2</math></td> </tr> <tr> <td><math>0.08 &lt; W</math></td> <td colspan="4">Define as spot defect</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Width(mm)	Length(mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C	$\Phi \leq 0.03$	Ignore	Ignore			$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	$L \leq 3.0$	$N \leq 2$			$0.05 < W \leq 0.08$	$L \leq 2.0$	$N \leq 2$			$0.08 < W$	Define as spot defect			
Width(mm)	Length(mm)			Acceptable Qty																									
		A	B	C																									
$\Phi \leq 0.03$	Ignore	Ignore																											
$0.03 < W \leq 0.05$	$L \leq 3.0$	$N \leq 2$																											
$0.05 < W \leq 0.08$	$L \leq 2.0$	$N \leq 2$																											
$0.08 < W$	Define as spot defect																												

3.0	Polarizer Bubble	<table border="1"> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Zone Size (mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </table>			Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C
		Zone Size (mm)	Acceptable Qty								
			A	B	C						
		$\Phi \leq 0.2$	Ignore		Ignore						
		$0.2 < \Phi \leq 0.4$	3 (distance $\geq 10\text{mm}$ )								
$0.4 < \Phi \leq 0.6$	2										
$0.6 < \Phi$	0										
4.0	SMT	According to IPC-A-610C class II standard . Function defect and missing part are major defect ,the others are minor defect.									

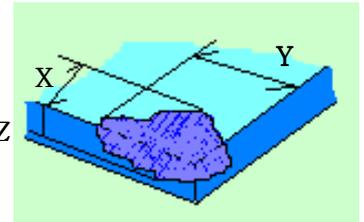
5.0	TP Related	TP bubble/ accident spot	<table border="1"> <tr> <th rowspan="2">Size <math>\Phi</math>(mm)</th> <th colspan="3">Acceptable Qty</th> </tr> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </table>			Size $\Phi$ (mm)	Acceptable Qty			A	B	C
		Size $\Phi$ (mm)	Acceptable Qty									
			A	B	C							
		$\Phi \leq 0.1$ $0.1 < \Phi \leq 0.25$ $0.25 < \Phi \leq 0.3$ $0.3 < \Phi$	Ignore 3 (distance $\geq 10\text{m}$ ) 2 0	Ignore								
		Assembly deflection	beyond the edge of backlight $\leq 0.15\text{mm}$									
		Newton Ring	<p>Newton Ring area <math>&gt; 1/3</math> TP are a NG</p> <p>Newton Ring area <math>\leq 1/3</math> TP are a OK</p>	 1 规律性  2 非规律性								



TP corner broken  
X : length  
Y : width  
Z : height

X	Y	Z
$X \leq 3.0\text{mm}$	$Y \leq 3.0\text{mm}$	$Z < \text{LCD thickness}$

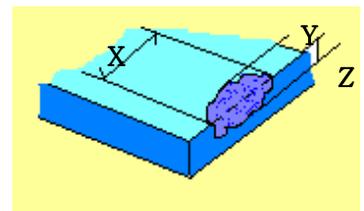
\*  
Circuitry broken is not allowed.



TP edge broken  
X : length  
Y : width  
Z : height

X	Y	Z
$X \leq 6.0\text{mm}$	$Y \leq 2.0\text{mm}$	$Z < \text{LCD thickness}$

\* Circuitry broken is not allowed.



Criteria ( functional items)

Number	Items	Criteria (mm)
1	No display	Not allowed
2	Missing segment	Not allowed
3	Short	Not allowed
4	Backlight no lighting	Not allowed
5	TP no function	Not allowed

## 9. Reliability Test Result

### 9.1 Condition

Item	Condition	Sample Size	Test Result	Note
Low Temperature Operating Life test	-20°C, 96HR	3ea	pass	-
Thermal Humidity Operating Life test	70°C90%RH, 96HR	3ea	pass	-
Temperature Cycle ON/OFF test	-20°C ↔ 70°C, ON/OFF, 20CYC	3ea	pass	(1)
High Temperature Storage test	80°C, 96HR	3ea	pass	-
Low Temperature Storage test	- 30°C, 96HR	3ea	pass	-
Thermal Shock Resistance	The sample should be allowed to stand the following 5 cycles of operation: TSTL for 30 minutes -> normal temperature for 5 minutes -> TSTH for 30 minutes -> normal temperature for 5 minutes, as one cycle, then taking it out and drying it at normal temperature, and allowing it stand for 24 hours	3ea	pass	
Box Drop Test	1 Corner 3 Edges 6 faces, 66cm(MEDIUM BOX)	1box	pass	-

Note (1) ON Time over 10 seconds, OFF Time under 10 seconds

## 10. Cautions and Handling Precautions

### 10.1 Handling and Operating the Module

- (1) When the module is assembled, it should be attached to the system firmly.  
Do not warp or twist the module during assembly work.
- (2) Protect the module from physical shock or any force. In addition to damage, this may cause improper operation or damage to the module and back-light unit.
- (3) Note that polarizer is very fragile and could be easily damaged. Do not press or scratch the surface.
- (4) Do not allow drops of water or chemicals to remain on the display surface.  
If you have the droplets for a long time, staining and discoloration may occur.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, clean it using some absorbent cotton or soft cloth.
- (6) The desirable cleaners are water, IPA (Isopropyl Alcohol) or Hexane.  
Do not use ketene type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanent damage to the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, legs, or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static; it may cause damage to the CMOS ICs.
- (9) Use finger-stalls with soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (10) Do not disassemble the module.
- (11) Protection film for polarizer on the module shall be slowly peeled off just before use so that the electrostatic charge can be minimized.
- (12) Pins of I/F connector shall not be touched directly with bare hands.
- (13) Do not connect, disconnect the module in the "Power ON" condition.
- (14) Power supply should always be turned on/off by the item 6.1 Power On Sequence & 6.2 Power Off Sequence

### 10.2 Storage and Transportation.

- (1) Do not leave the panel in high temperature, and high humidity for a long time.  
It is highly recommended to store the module with temperature from 0 to 35 °C and relative humidity of less than 70%
- (2) Do not store the TFT-LCD module in direct sunlight.
- (3) The module shall be stored in a dark place. When storing the modules for a long time, be sure to adopt effective measures for protecting the modules from strong ultraviolet radiation, sunlight, or fluorescent light.
- (4) It is recommended that the modules should be stored under a condition where no condensation is allowed. Formation of dewdrops may cause an abnormal operation or a failure of the module.  
In particular, the greatest possible care should be taken to prevent any module from being operated where condensation has occurred inside.
- (5) This panel has its circuitry FPC on the bottom side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.

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**11.Packing**

----TBD-----